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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/727,163	12/02/2003	Simon Robert Walmsley	PEA03US	6706
24011	7590 06/29/2006		EXAM	INER
SILVERBROOK RESEARCH PTY LTD			UHLENHAKE, JASON S	
393 DARLIN BALMAIN,	NG STREET NSW 2041		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AUSTRALIA			2853	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		•				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/727,163	WALMSLEY ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jason Uhlenhake	2853				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	_•					
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This						
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	•					
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex-	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau	, , , ,					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
Attachment(s)	_					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D					
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/2/2004.</li> </ul>		Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim 1 provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of copending Application No. 10/727,245. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because a printer controller being configured to order and time supply of the dot data to the printhead modules anticipates being configurable during or after manufacture to order and time supply of dot data to the printhead modules.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

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# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 – 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Haflinger (U.S. Pub. 2002/0180816).

## Haflinger discloses:

- **regarding claim 1,** a printer controller for supplying dot data to a printhead in a predetermined order comprising at least first and second printhead modules, each comprising a plurality of printing nozzles and disposed adjacent to each other such that a printing width of the printhead is wider than a printing width of either of the printhead modules (Figures 2 3; Paragraphs 0007, 0029; Claims 5 and 10)
- order and time supply of the dot data to the printhead modules such that any relative displacement between the printhead nozzles in a direction normal to the printhead printing width is at least partially compensated for (Figures 3 7; Abstract; Paragraphs 0013, 0038)
- **regarding claim 2,** configurable to provide compensation for any of a plurality of different amounts of the relative displacement (Figures 4 10; Paragraphs 0039, 0041 0042)

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3 – 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haflinger (U.S. Pub. 2002/0180816) in view of Tayuki (U.S. Pub. 2002/0113985).

# Haflinger discloses the following:

- regarding claim 3, printer controller being controllable to introduce a relative delay into the dot data supplied to one or more of the rows, thereby to provide the compensation (Paragraph 0043)
- **regarding claim 4,** the printhead is configured to print the dots at a predetermined spacing in a direction in which print media is supplied for printing, wherein the delay introduced by the printer controller equates to an integral multiple of the spacing during printing (Figures 3 10; Abstract; Paragraphs 0038, 0040 0042)

#### Haflinger does not disclose expressly the following:

- regarding claim 3, the printhead modules comprises a plurality of parallel rows of the printing nozzles, the printhead being configured such that each of the rows of each printhead module has a corresponding row in each of the other printhead modules

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# Tayuki discloses:

- regarding claim 3, the printhead modules comprises a plurality of parallel rows of the printing nozzles, the printhead being configured such that each of the rows of each printhead module has a corresponding row in each of the other printhead modules (Figure 3; Paragraph 0160), for the purpose of adjusting misalignment of recording positions.

At the time the invention was made it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching of the printhead modules comprises a plurality of parallel rows of the printing nozzles, the printhead being configured such that each of the rows of each printhead module has a corresponding row in each of the other printhead modules as taught by Tayuki into the device of Haflinger. The motivation for doing so would have been to adjust misalignment of recording positions.

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#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jason Uhlenhake whose telephone number is (571) 272-5916. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier can be reached on (571) 272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JSU June 13, 2006

PRIMARY EXAMINER